

MONEY TO LOAN.—If you want to build and need some money, come and see me; my rates are the lowest. E. E. Pascoe, 110 North Center Street.

THE ARIZONA REPUBLICAN

FOR SALE.—Small grocery business. Good location. Minimum expenses. Good investment for small capital. Call at once. E. E. Pascoe, 110 North Center St.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR.

12 PAGES

PHOENIX, ARIZONA, SUNDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 15 1907

12 PAGES

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WHAT SAVED THE POLE WELLMAN'S STORY OF IT

His Description of the Failure to Make a Start

The Battle In Upper Air With Wind and Snow, The Jagged Mountains Behind and the Hungry Polar Sea Beneath.

Berlin, Sept. 14.—Walter Wellman, the head of the Wellman airship expedition, has sent the following telegram to the local papers from Tromsø: "After the steamer Express cast off the cable, the balloon America did exceedingly well but the increasing wind soon gave us a hard struggle and a strong wind drove us towards the jagged mountains near coast, where the airship would have been destroyed if she had struck. Then ensued hard fighting between the storm and the motor. The latter triumphed.

"Our confidence in the America had so increased in the meanwhile that I gave the order to start for the pole. The wind however increased to twelve miles an hour and the snow fell so thickly that we could not see a quarter of a mile. Just then the compass failed to work owing to defective construction. We were lost in a snowstorm above and the Polar sea threatened us with destruction.

"After a brief deliberation we decided to try to get back to the Express to rectify our compass and start again. It was impossible however to keep in one direction and we were again carried into dangerous proximity of the mountains.

"Valman, the engineer, then put the motor to top speed and the America moved against the wind, which was probably blowing fifteen miles an hour. She circled three times in the teeth of the wind.

"We saw the Express for a moment but immediately lost her again. We could have returned to the Express but under the circumstances the only thing possible was to try land. With this idea we stopped the motor and let the America drift over the glacier. At the end of Dowl bay we used the trailer filled with provisions and the brake rope. Both acted well and dragged over ice for one hundred feet without causing.

"After crossing the glacier we opened the valve and landed on the upper glacier, a half mile in shore. The landing was effected so successfully that material weighing nine tons descended 200 feet and touched the ice with no shock or damage whatever excepting for several bent tubes and broken wires.

"The delicate instruments were not injured. The self registering barographs, metographs and manometers continued running after landing. The mantle of the balloon can be easily repaired.

"The America was in the air about three hours and covered about fifteen miles with her own power. She made three loops against the wind, proving her power and capability of being

steered. The ascent was successful in every respect. The America is from every standpoint the strongest airship and the most durable for a long journey that we have ever built. She has held her gas splendidly.

"Later in the same day the Express brought the men on sleds from camp. The balloon and entire outfit have been made ready for winter. After this successful attempt we are all convinced that we can make our way to the pole in normal summer weather. We all regard this plan as rational, practicable and feasible. The thing can be done. What can be done shall be done."

AUTOMOBILE DRIVER.

Arrived at the Sacramento Races Just in Time to Get Hurt.

Sacramento, Sept. 14.—In the fifth event of the automobile races, at Agricultural Park today, a car driven by E. K. Kelley just arrived from the east, to drive the racing cars, swerved to the right and crashed through the outside fence near the half mile post, throwing Kelley into the air. The machine was wrecked and landed bottom side up.

Several ribs in Kelley's right side were crushed in, and he was battered and bruised. He is in a precarious condition owing to internal injuries, but the attending physician says that if he lives until tomorrow morning he will have a fair chance of recovery.

MEXICAN AGITATORS HID BY CALIFORNIA

Governor Gillett Refuses to Honor a Requisition by Missouri for Their Extradition.

Sacramento, Sept. 14.—Governor Gillett today decided to refuse the request of Governor Folk of Missouri for the extradition of R. Flores Magón, and Antonio Villareal, now in jail in Los Angeles. They are charged with criminal libel in St. Louis. The accused were represented by attorneys who presented affidavits showing that they were out of the state of Missouri at the time the alleged libelous articles appeared in the paper of which they admitted being part owners. Gov. Gillett stated that in refusing to deliver the accused for extradition, he did so without prejudice in the matter.

STRANGLER SUSPECT.

Arrest of a Man Believed to Be Responsible for the Cincinnati Mysteries.

Columbus, Sept. 14.—Chris Koebel was arrested here today on suspicion that he is responsible for the strangling mysteries in which two telephone girls of Cincinnati lost their lives over two years ago. The crimes had been attributed to Oliver Haugh, the Dayton fiend who was electrocuted for the murder of his father, mother and sister.

WEATHER TODAY.

Washington, Sept. 14.—Arizona forecast: Fair Sunday and Monday.

BODY TO BE EXHUMED.

To Show Whether Mutual Should Pay \$1,000,000 Policy.

Topeka, Kan., Sept. 14.—Judge Smith McPherson sitting as a federal court tonight ordered the body of the late L. H. Perkins of Lawrence to be exhumed to settle the contention of the Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York that Perkins took poison and that it should not be compelled to pay \$1,000,000 life insurance.

A FEDERAL DISTRICT.

To Be Established in Mexico Along the Northern Border.

El Paso, Sept. 14.—It is semi-officially announced that the government of Mexico proposes to establish a federal district along the border to occupy the same territory occupied by the Zona Libre, which was abolished two years ago.

The district will be under the control of the general government, the authorities to be appointed by President Diaz. Immigration difficulties, and the recent smuggling scandal are said to have led Secretary of the Treasury Limantour to recommend the measure.

BATTLESHIP COALING STATION.

San Diego de Chile, Sept. 14.—It was learned today that the American battleship squadron which it is proposed to send around South America this winter, will be supplied with coal by the Chilean government at Talcahuano.

OLDFIELD'S PERFORMANCE.

Cincinnati, Sept. 14.—Barney Oldfield with his "Green Dragon," made two miles at the Latonia track in two minutes. The first mile was made in 59.25 seconds and the second mile in 59.25 seconds.

A REAL PEAGEMAKER FRANCE AND GERMANY

Brought Together Through the Efforts of Ambassador M. Jules Cambon.

Paris, Sept. 14.—It is no exaggeration to say that M. Jules Cambon, the French ambassador to Berlin, has done more this summer for the cause of universal peace than all the diplomats who have been gathered at The Hague, for by his visit to Prince Bulow, chancellor of the German empire, it is said in diplomatic circles, he has paved the way for friendship between Germany and France.

When it was first announced that M. Cambon had been invited to visit the chancellor, every one in France was greatly surprised but no one expected anything to come from it.

Now, however, leading French and German papers declare that the meeting between the two diplomats resulted in an understanding being reached on several important questions, and while it would be too much to say that an "entente cordiale" exists between the two countries international relations have received an important adjustment.

GERMAN CRITICS RUN DOWN LUSITANIA

They Say That the Expectations of the Cunard Company Were Not Realized.

Hamburg, Sept. 14.—German marine critics that although it has been asserted that there was no intention to drive Lusitania during the first trip there is no doubt that the great hopes placed upon her performance were unrealized. They also say that it was not really her maiden voyage, because she had been on a trial trip for more than a month, had made a voyage to Gibraltar and return and had sailed approximately 2000 miles before she started for New York. She was expected to make from 24 1/2 to 25 knots but it was scarcely likely that she would obtain the hoped for speed.

SALOME.

The Board of Supervisors after making a personal investigation, selected Salome as the location for the branch county building and make the following statement:

"Salome is the natural center of the county at this time and will remain so, as all roads—stage and rail—lead to Salome. If you want to visit or inspect the northern end of Yuma county, make your headquarters at SALOME, THE COMING COPPER CAMP."

HO! FOR SCHOOL

Bicycles, Bicycles, Bicycles. Cash or Payments. The best stock in town to select from.

Phoenix Cycle Company, 22 W. Adams Phone Fed 524

In Arizona there's a cactus growing in a strictly arid land; There's a young man there composing Candies fit for any land.

EMASCULATED NEWSPAPERS

Repression of Sentiment In Russian Provinces

Sidelights On the Minor Disturbances of the Empire.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 14.—Owing to the severity of the censure a great number of provincial newspapers are being published without any editorial articles. Some papers are simply printing official telegrams, without comment.

Other papers explain that "owing to circumstances which need no description we print no articles today." The St. Petersburg "Retch" prints the following example of provincial forced humor:

"Our readers are beginning to criticize the absence of leading articles. 'We cannot publish leading articles on politics, because politics are forbidden.'"

"The editor's desk contains some brilliant articles on 'Sunrise and Sunset,' 'Love,' and 'The Cultivation of Asparagus.' But in the present condition of Russia, even these subjects are dangerous; therefore we cannot print them."

The declaration of Governor Muller-Zakonevsky that every schoolboy in the Baltic provinces is ready to murder on behalf of the revolution is borne out by the case of Emilie Stalmann, aged seventeen, and her fourteen year old brother. Emilie was engaged to a Lett named Lerch, an avowed revolutionist. Her father was a reactionary, and this so annoyed the bridegroom that he declared he would break off the match if old Stalmann were not removed.

At first the girl was horrified. But Lerch soon persuaded her that her father was an enemy to society. She agreed to kill him on condition that her young brother approved. Lerch approached the schoolboy, and used the arguments that he had raised with his sister. The three plotted to murder Stalmann and bury him in a potato field. The girl struck her father with a hatchet and knocked him senseless. Lerch and the schoolboy completed the murder. The body was buried and discovered only after a week. The court martial condemned all three to death. Lerch is to be hanged. The sentence on the brother and sister has been commuted to 20 years' penal servitude.

A court martial in Sevastopol is trying for spreading revolutionary literature, a doctor named Asenleff, who boasts that he has been sent into exile nineteen times during the course of forty years. The process shows that Asenleff has lived as an exile in every Siberian province and in every government of northern Russia. Hitherto Asenleff's only offense was that the authorities regarded him as politically undesirable. As a suspect he was sent out of twelve big cities by different governors and prefects. Most of Asenleff's wandering was done on foot. He has tramped across Siberia and back.

The authorities of Orel province have shown their zeal for law and order by arresting a corpse. An order was received from the provincial capital to arrest "dead or alive" a Baltic province revolutionist named Kas who was carrying on an active propaganda among the peasants. Detectives discovered the village in which Kas was concealed. Six rural policemen armed with rifles were sent to make the arrest. They broke into the hut where Kas was supposed to be in hiding, and found him in a coffin, dead.

The villagers were ordered to bring a cart for the removal of the body. The priest protested against the sacrilege, but the police replied that they were sent to arrest Kas, and not to certify to his death. The coffin was drawn on a cart over thirty miles. On arriving at the railroad the police received orders to go elsewhere; and, afraid that the corpse might escape, duly interred it in a jail placed a guard in the cell, and drew up a protocol declaring that they had rigidly executed their orders.

NEW RECORDS MADE IN FIELD EVENTS

A San Franciscan Athlete Led in the Fall Games at the New York Club.

New York, Sept. 14.—Many athletes who figured in the track and field events at Jamestown a week ago, were among the competitors in the fall games of the New York Athletic Club at Travers Island today. Ralph Rose, of the Olympic Club, San Francisco, was the most prominent figure in the field events as he made several new world's records in throwing weights. By the courtesy of officials, some

extra events in his line were added to the card.

In order to make the record clear for competition, Dennis Horrigan and Robert Edgren took part in the extras as well as Gilmore of the San Francisco club. In the regular event with the sixteen pound shot, Rose sent the weight 49 feet and 5 1/2 inches. The first record was the eight pound shot which was sent 67 feet 7 inches, beating M. K. Sheridan's world's record by six feet.

THE BASEBALL DAY IN THE BIG LEAGUES

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

BOSTON 1, PHILADELPHIA 2.
At Boston 1st game. R. H. E.
Philadelphia..... 10 9 0
Boston..... 5 3 3
Batteries, Corridon and Doolin, Flaherty and Needham.

PHILADELPHIA 3, BOSTON 1.
At Philadelphia 2nd game. R. H. E.
Philadelphia..... 10 9 0
Boston..... 1 4 4
Batteries, Brown, Juckisch, Linderman, Brown and Needham.

BROOKLYN 8, NEW YORK 7.
At Brooklyn. R. H. E.
New York..... 15 1 1
Brooklyn..... 8 8 2
Batteries, McGinnity, Ames, Bowerman, Bell, McIntyre, Ritter and Bergen.

NEW YORK 6, BROOKLYN 2.
At New York 2nd game. R. H. E.
New York..... 9 2 0
Brooklyn..... 2 3 0
Batteries, Lunch and Bresnahan, Stricklett and Bergen.

CHICAGO 12, CINCINNATI 5.
At Chicago. R. H. E.
Chicago..... 12 10 2
Cincinnati..... 5 10 1
Batteries, Pfeister, Fraser and Kling, Cowley, McCarthy and McLean.

PITTSBURGH 6, ST. LOUIS 1.
At Pittsburgh. R. H. E.
St. Louis..... 4 1 1
Pittsburgh..... 6 2 4
Batteries, Willis and Gibson; Raymond and Hostetter.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
PHILADELPHIA 7, BOSTON 6.
At Boston. R. H. E.
Boston..... 11 1 1
Philadelphia..... 10 2 2
Batteries, Young, Pruitt and Criger, Bender, Bygert and Schreck.

BOSTON 2, PHILADELPHIA 5.
At Boston 2nd game. R. H. E.
Boston..... 6 11 1
Philadelphia..... 5 11 2
Batteries, Morgan, Pruitt and Shaw, Dykert and Schreck.

ST. LOUIS 4, DETROIT 1.
At St. Louis. R. H. E.
St. Louis..... 4 9 1
Detroit..... 1 8 1
Batteries, Bailey and Spencer, Server, Whittits and Payne.

ST. LOUIS 4, DETROIT 2.
At St. Louis 2nd game. R. H. E.
St. Louis..... 4 10 3
Detroit..... 3 7 2
Batteries, Glade, Dineen and Stephens; Siever and Schmidt.

CHICAGO 7, CLEVELAND 2.
At Chicago. R. H. E.
Chicago..... 7 10 2
Cleveland..... 2 10 2
Batteries, Smith and Sullivan, Rhoades and Clark.

WASHINGTON 2, NEW YORK 8.
At Washington. R. H. E.
Washington..... 2 7 3
New York..... 8 8 1
Batteries, Lanford, Patten, Kahoe, Boyle, Thomas.

THE UNPREPAREDNESS OF GREAT BRITAIN

The Total Unfitness of That Nation For War by Land or Sea.

London, Sept. 14.—In case of the sudden outbreak of a war with one of the great powers it seems that England would be almost as badly off as was Russia when the Japanese attacked Port Arthur. That the English army is of little or no value as compared with that of the great military powers, everyone knows, and now the civil lord of the admiralty has been forced publicly to admit in the house of commons that of the "instantly ready" home fleet upon which Great Britain relies to ward off the first blow, twenty-six vessels are so badly in need of repairs that they will be useless unless they are sent into dry dock during the next three months, and twenty-one other vessels are at the present time undergoing repairs.

"If the 'instantly ready' fleet is in such a condition," says a London paper, "one wonders if the remainder of our navy which is not supposed to be instantly ready, is better or worse than the famous Baltic Squadron of the Czar."

THE JEWISH HEGIRA.

More Than a Million Have Fled From Russia in Eight Years.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 14.—The Jewish immigration bureau today published statistics showing that over 1,000,000 Jews had emigrated from Russia to the United States since 1899, the number having increased from 24,275 that year, to 200,000 in 1906. In addition many Jews emigrated to England, Canada and South America.

THE RAVAGING OF HAKODATE

Description of the Great Japanese Conflagration

Three Hundred Lives Were Lost and 13,000 Buildings Destroyed.

Victoria, Sept. 14.—The steamer Shawmut which arrived last night from Manila, brought further news of the great fire at Hakodate. It seems that the big conflagration originated in a soap factory near the Higashinawa School and spread with great rapidity, sweeping away hundreds of bamboo houses. During the fire the powder house of Kishomachi exploded, involving much loss of life. In all 300 lives were lost during the fire and 13,000 houses were burned.

All the foreign consulates, the administrative offices, banks, company offices, schools, railway stations and custom houses were burned. One steamer, the Nanaye Maru, was burned and sank in the harbor after breaking from her moorings. Ten large junks filled with coal were also burned. The insurance liabilities carried by eight Japanese companies amounted to three and a half million yen. The Tokio press speaks pessimistically of the obligations of the insurance companies, some of which were liable for more than their paid up capital.

RAILWAY COMMISSION REQUESTED FREE PASSES

A Mississippi Grand Jury Finds Indictments Against Roads Which Issued Them.

Jackson, Miss., Sept. 14.—The county grand jury today returned indictments against the Illinois Central and the Yazoo and Mississippi Valley railways for issuing passes to persons not entitled to them, in accordance with a law that has been on the statute books of the state since 1884.

The state railroad commission was brought into the case by the assertion that the passes had been issued at the request of members of that body.

COPPER'S INFLUENCE WAS OVERSHADOWING

It Balked All Attempts at a Restoration of the Stock Market.

New York, Sept. 14.—The disordered condition of the metal markets was the dominating influence again in the stock market and defeated any tendency toward improvement, prompted by other considerations. The distinction was marked again between the railroad list and metal industrials, the former being moderately affected by the depression in the latter but showing some disposition to rally at the last. The feature of the market was the heavy liquidation in United States Steel, both classes falling to new low levels for the year, and common stock selling at 23 1/2 and preferred stock at 29 1/2. No news was forthcoming to indicate fresh changes in the iron and steel trade. The report that the United Metals company, the selling agency of the Amalgamated Copper company, had cut the price of electrolytic to 15 1/2 was an effective instrument in the hands of the bears. The principal product of the Amalgamated Copper Co. is electrolytic copper. Copper stocks were not so depressed as yesterday, neither Amalgamated Copper nor American Smelting selling at yesterday's low figures. The undertone of the market remained weak in spite of some feverish rallies in closing dealings.

GRAIN.

Chicago, Sept. 14.—Wheat today recovered much of yesterday's loss on buying. It was brought about by low temperatures prevailing over the wheat fields of western Canada. December wheat opened 5 1/2 c higher, sold off to 5 1/2 c, advanced to 5 3/4 c and closed at 5 3/4 c. The corn market was extremely weak during the entire session because of liberal realizing sales which were based on favorable

In Arizona grows the cactus. On the desert brown and sere. From it is made delicious candy. Candy that we all hold dear.

orable weather. The close was weak. December opened unchanged to 1/2 c lower at 58 to 58 1/2 c, sold to 58 1/2 c, and closed at 57 1/2 c. Trade in oats was quiet. The market closed easy. December opened unchanged at 52 1/2 c, sold between 51 1/2 c and 52 1/2 c and closed at 52 c.

CATTLE AND SHEEP.

Chicago, Sept. 14.—Cattle receipts 500; market steady. Beeves \$4.75, cows \$3.25 to \$5.50, Texas steers \$3.75 to \$5, calves \$4.00 to \$4.50, stockers and feeders \$2.50 to \$3.

RESTFUL WORK OF A BUSY VACATION

Professor Stilwell at His Desk Again After an Outing Worth While.

Professor J. F. Stilwell, superintendent of the city schools, returned home yesterday after a summer's outing that was both a physical delight and a practical post graduate course in about everything that goes to make up the science of life and how to live it. He went everywhere and had a good time going, continued it while he was there, and enjoyed himself on the return trip. An attempt was made to interview him but he said he had too much to tell to enter into details so he would content himself by just naming a few places and saying he was glad to get back and resume his school work.

Like most all the teachers who managed to get a vacation he went first to Los Angeles and attended the N. E. A. After that was over he journeyed north through California, took a peep at Mount Shasta, passed through Portland and other Oregon cities and on through Seattle and the state of Washington up to Vancouver, Victoria and other British Columbia cities. Returning to Seattle he climbed the Rocky Mountains, divided and spent a week in the Yellowstone park. This was a most interesting week and all that it is advertised to be as a place of scenic interest. No hunting is allowed, but he did what he never did before, enjoyed many hours of the finest fishing anybody ever had. He was also permitted to ride forty or fifty miles a day, by rail, by, as the spirit moved him and had one horseback ride of forty-two miles alone.

Finishing the park he traveled over the Dakota wheat fields and through the northern states to Minneapolis and thence via Chicago to Baltimore. The next important stop was at Norfolk and Jamestown where he did the exposition as thoroughly as possible and was greatly interested in it. He has nothing but praise for the Jamestown exposition and says the people in the west have received a wrong impression concerning it. It is not as large a show as St. Louis had, to be sure, but in proportion to its size it is every bit as good and well worth the time of all who are privileged to see it.

From there Prof. Stilwell traveled through Virginia and back to his Carolina home where he visited with his mother and traveled around considerably with her. When all the visiting was over he started west again, coming via Chicago, feeling that his summer and his money had been well spent, but of course, keen to scent the air of his western home, revel in the sweet odors of the orange groves, greet the cacti-covered grandeur of the health-giving mountain ranges, listen to the merry ripple of the wealth-producing water as it gurgles through the headwaters of the irrigation ditches, and learn with joy that the Arizona canal dream will be in working order again tomorrow.

For SALE

Good cattle range, 160 acres patented land; two large pastures, house, barn, orchard, good running water, 600 head cattle, 100 head horses, at a bargain. See

DWIGHT B. HEARD

Center and Adams Streets.

There is nothing more novel or unique in the line of Indian basketry than the plaques, often gorgeously colored, always appropriate for ornamentation and indicative of the aboriginal taste in art. And this is the place to get them, the store that is clearing out all fragmentary lines at reduced prices to make room for a new and complete stock.



R. L. BALKE, U. S. Indian Trader
Proprietor the Big Curio Store on West Adams Street



Racycles and Bicycles, Tires of all kinds. You ought to see our two-speed Hudsons—they are a revelation.

GRISWOLD

The Bicycle Man, 34-36 W. Adams St.

HOME OF CURIOS

from every tribe in Arizona—ancient and modern
NAVAJO BLANKETS
Make the finest kind of rugs and couch covers, last forever.
Some fine small sizes for rugs \$12.50. Come in and see us.

OLD MISSION MUSEUM

Back of Court House. Cor. Second Ave and Jefferson St.

The Prescott National Bank, Prescott, Ariz.

Has earned a place on the "Roll of Honor" in the National System, being numbered seven hundred and twenty.

Capital paid in \$100,000
Surplus and Undivided Profits 120,000

Secure Positive Protection for Your Valuables

One of the most important acts of prudence is to place your valuables beyond the reach of fire and theft. This protection can be obtained by renting a Safe Deposit Box in our Fire and Burglar-Proof Vaults. We have the only fully equipped Safety Deposit Vaults in this city. Special rooms for customers.

PHOENIX NATIONAL BANK
PHOENIX, ARIZONA

REMOVAL AUCTION SALE

Beginning Monday Evening, Sept. 16
At 7:30 P. M. Read large advertisement on page 4

N. FRIEDMAN Manufacturing Jeweler
6 East Washington St., Phoenix, Ariz.

HO! FOR SCHOOL
Bicycles, Bicycles, Bicycles. Cash or Payments. The best stock in town to select from.
Phoenix Cycle Company, 22 W. Adams Phone Fed 524

A charming breakfast dish
Grape-Nuts
WITH CREAM.
Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.
"THERE'S A REASON."

In Arizona there's a cactus growing in a strictly arid land; There's a young man there composing Candies fit for any land.